LOOK FOR BARGAINS

IN THE EVERY MORNING DISPATCH. FORTY-SIXTH YEAR.

Of the National Guard Allowed

to Be Used to Intimi-

date Cokers. PATTISON VERY POSITIVE

In His Refusal to Follow the Precedent Established by Governor Beaver.

M'CLELLAND LAYS DOWN THE LAW

To One Bold Militia Captain Who Seems Very Eager to Rush His Company to the Scene of Action.

THE STRIKERS ONCE MORE RIOTOUS.

A Destructive Early Morning Raid Upon the Works at Merrwood and a Dynamite Bomb Exploded at Leisenring.

LEADERS OF THE MOVEMENT CLAIM & VICTORY

SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATOR ! HARRISBURG, March 30 .- Governor Pattison was asked to-day in a telegram sent by Sheriff Clawson, of Westmoreland County, for permission to use the State arms to suppress the outbreak in that county, but the Governor replied that the military could not be used for the purpose indicated until the civil power had been exhausted in the effort to restore peace. Sheriff Clawson repiled that the assistance of the militia was thorities to use the military arms. The Governor also refused this request.

Adjutant Genera' McClelland, after having read that the Sheriff of Westmoreland county had sworn a number of members of Company E, of the National Guard, as turn to work, deputy sheriffs, telegraphed as follows to the Captain of Company E:

HARRISBURG, PA., March 29, Captain James A. Loar, Mount Pleasant, Pa. Are any of Company E on duty as Sheriff's deputies in uniform?

WILLIAM MCCLELLAND, Adjutant General. A Denial From the Captain. This telegram was filed at 3 P. M. yester-

day and at 6:45 P. M. he received the follow-No sar, there are none of my men on duty at

this time. Will write you by mail more fully.

J. A. Loan, Captain Company E. At 12:40 A. M. to-day Adjutant General lef leliand, seeived the following: The situation at the mines at Mt. Pleasant is

ecting the works with my men, which cannot te done unless I am allowed to arm them. I would be in command and use proper brecaution. There will be no loss of property or lives if so allowed. J. A. FOAR, Touris Company E, Tenth Regiment. J. A. TOAR,

At 1:28 a. M. Adjutant General McCielland telegraphed thus to Captain Loar: There is no official information of any disorder nor that the Sheriff is unable to maintain the peace. Any interference on your part as an officer of the National Guard is a violation of law. The uniform and arms of the National Guard are State property and should be used only while the National Guard is on

Report of the Inspector General, At 11 A. M. to-day the following was received from Inspector General McKibbin, sent from Pittsburg:

One thousand men raided Frick's Mine No. 1 last night, burned and destroyed much property. Rioting and disorder at Leith No. 3 and Jimtown. Say protection given by Sheriff Mc-Cormick of Fayette county not sufficient. Adjutant General McCielland replied as

The heal civil authority has entire control in the suppression of violence. Not until that authority is ineffective, and so officially made known, can the aid of the inflitary be had.

The Adjutant General telegraphed to Brigadier General Wiley to advise him where he could be found, and to Lieutenaut Colonel Streeter as to the whereabouts of Colonel Hawkins, of the Tenth Regiment, At 1:22 P. M. to-day the following dispatch was received at the Executive Department: GREENSBURG, Pa., March 20.

This merning about 3 o'clock from 1,000 to 1 200 strikers came to Morewood mines and broke in the overs, burnt their tools and descroyed property. Will you allow me the use of the arms of Company E and Company I, so that I can protect property? Answer at once.

Governor Pattison promptly wired: (Swill nower to maintain the peace must be exhausted and powerless before military power can be successfully invoked.

Sheriff Clawson answered: I don't ask for troops, but only for the arms as my posse cannot defend property without weapons. Want order on Captains Laird and Loar for guns. Governor Beaver allowed this

Governor Pattison replied: I decline to issue order for use of arms,

A1204 P. M. Inspector General McKibbip telegraphed Adjutant General McCleltand that reliable information said a compuby of the Tenth regiment was serving as deputy sheriffs in State uniform, and that things were quieter.

AT UNIONTOWN AGAINST THE STRIKERS AND THEIR LEADERS.

District Muster Workman Wise Is Name as One of the Parties-The Frick Company Have Warrants Issued for the Arrest of Those Named in the Injunction.

EPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCE. works from assembling on their grounds, congregating in the vicinity of their works, intimiing or interfering with their men at work o going to and from work, making threats against the lives of their men or the company's property, and restraining them from any acts

of violence or interfering in any way with the operation of their works.

In the injunction prayed for District Master Workman Wise, George Eager, a member of the Executive Board, Vice President Penna, Valentine Noviskie, a leader of the Poles and 23 other prominent labor leaders were particularized. The application for the injunction was supported by the affidavits of George Black, Wm. W. Irwin, Florence Towler and others to the number of 40, which set forth that the subscribers were in the employ of the H. C. Frick Coke Company and were willing and anxious to work and were driven from their work at Jimtown this morning by a body of men, assaulted with clubs and stones and iron bars, and are afraid to resume work and ask to be protected. protected.

Judge Ewing granted the preliminary injunc-tion and fixed Saturday at 10 o'clock for a

earing on a permanent injunction. Warrants were sworn out before Justice hearing on a permanent injunction.
Warrants were sworn out before Justice Dawson this evening by Superintendent Wilson Risser and Walker Pringle, Davis and Coder, the sufferers in the Jimtown riot, against Wise, Eager, Penna and others named in the injunction, to the number of 40, charging them with conspiracy, riot and assault and battery. These were placed in the hands of Sheriff McCornnick who, with a number of armed deputies, left to-night on a special train for Jimtown.
General Superintendent Thomas Lynch, of the Frick Company, and to-night: "The question just now with as is not whether we can operate our works. We are not anxious to start, and the proposal of our scale was not for that purpose. But great numbers of our men have petitioned us for work, and say they must work or starve. Under these circumstances we propose to stand by them, and see if in free America there is enough law to protect men in the peaceful discharge of their duty, and in providing for their families. On this line the present contest will be fought out.

FORCE AMONG THE COKERS

IS USED TO COMPEL THE MEN TO STOP THEIR WORK AT THE OVENS.

A Dynamite Bomb Exploded Near Jim town, but Fortunately Without Serious Results-Strikers at Morewood Tear Up the Tracks and Many Leaders Are Arrested.

(SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH,) SCOTTDALE, March 30 .- The great coke region was nearn the scene of serious disorder to-day, and the strikers have to a certain extent made good their assertion that they would win at all hazards.

This morning at 2 o'clock the strikers at the Jimtown works were awakened by the strains of their favorite band. Following came a few of their leaders who asked them to assist in calling on a few men at the Jimtown works who insisted in working during the strike.

A crowd of about 100 selected men was not desired, but the consent of the State au- gotten together, and the march was resumed. They passed the houses of nearly all the miners from here to Broadford, who were awakened by the cheering, and gathered in line until about 1,500 men were in line. The Jimtown works were reached between 6 and 7 o'clock this morning, where the fun developed into a reality. The few men working in the yards were soon routed and notified not to re-

They Met the Superintendeut.

Encouraged by their peaceful victory, the men began their march homeward, instead of the works they had thus easily conquered, they met Superintendent Rosser, and talted for a parley. Rosser was indignant at their treatment, and drew a revolver, threatening their lives if they attempted any forther interference with the operation of his worm. The men returned his vigo ous language, and it is reported they forced him to pocket his weapon. During the raid a man charging one of the ovens was struck with a stone and badly injured. The crown of strikers then dispersed to their homes announcing their intention of holding another meeting there to-morrow morning. At the Frick office here it is reported that as soon as the strikers left the place the men returned to work, and are drawing coke as uswal. the works they had thus easily conquered, they

Exploded & Dynamite Shell.

About 8 o'clock a terrible report similar to an Leisenring. Investigation revealed the fact that a hombshell filled with dynamite, had been set off by the strikers. The bomb explodes with terrific force and threwearth into the air to the height of several hundred feet, and made a hole in the ground to the depth of six or eight feet. The shell was exploded directly in front of the residence of a disheartened employe, who had given up the fight and gone lack to work. The report was distinctly heard at Broadford, a distance of seven miles. As soon as it was generally known that a As soon as it was generally known that a shell had been fired the excitement increased, and the general opinion is that the end of such work is not yet. The workmen of both Leisen-ring Nos. 2 and 3 were raided by the strikers, but the managers of the H. C. Frick Company say their men are working this afternoon. The miners at Leith were raided to-day, and com-pelled to beat a hasty retreat. Nobody is re-ported injured, but several of the most promiported injured, but several of the most prom ent strikers concerned have been arrested. The Riot at Morewood.

positions. The larry tracks were torn up, the

oven goors and other movable articles torn off, and a general work of devastation inaugurated. A number of the supposed leaders of the mob have been arrested by Sheriff Clawson, while

We can prolong the fight for several months if necessary. All the strikers will be well equipped in a few days, financially speaking. The American Federation of Labor, of which

Samuel Gompers is at the head, will come our assistance. The central board of that ord

TBY DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY.1 The big Morewood plant also contributed an exciting event. It was surrounded by strikers the grip, the same as is now done in cases yellow fever and cholera. to-day numbering fully 3,000, and the deputy sheriffs were compelled to retreat from their

PORAKER'S POSITION.

He Will Nominate McKinley if the Major S Desires It.

have been arrested by Sheriff Clawson, while warrants are out for the arrest of the others. The members of the Frick Company say they are having mexpected success in firing their plants, and say their works will be run if the State militia must be called out. They say the smoke is ascending fram all their plants, with a couple of small exceptions, which they will not start until trade revives later on. The Coal-SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATOR! CINCINNATI, March 30 .- Ex-Governor For aker, in an interview today, was asked what truth there was in the report that he was going to nominate McKinley for Governor, in the coming State Convention. In reply, he intibrook plant of the McClare Company is still operating against the protests of the strikers. On the other hand, the labor officials claim a clean sweep, and say that hardly a man is at work at any of the Frick plants to-night.

In an interview President J. B. Rae said to-day. mated there was a movement on foot to smooth over the differences of the republican leaders in Ohio. He admitted that he had received some time ago a letter from Secretary Foster, inquiring if he would place McKinley's name before the convention. The ex-Governor replied that he would gladly do so if Major McKinley so desired. He had acceived the received the reserved to the secretary of the secretary received no reply to his letter to that effect. "I suppose," said the ex-Governor, "I will hear from Moor McKinley in due time, If his deare should coincide with that of his friends I will should coincide with that of his friends I will take pleasure in doing him that service. There is no trouble between McKinley and myself and never has been. We are the best of friends and no one will give him heartler support than I shall."

Regarding the proposed naming of the Sentor by the State convention, the ex-Governor said that opposition to the plan might have been expected. He did not start the idea, but simply approved it and was not healthering him-

our assistance. The central board of that order will meet in Pittsburg to-morrow, when that matter will be brought up for consideration. The strike in this region has been formally declared in line for the eight-hour concession. This will work wonders with the few men who have imagined there is anything to lose, to find the great Federation of Labor heartily with them." PRESIDENT REA'S PROPOSITION. simply approved it, and was not bothering him self about it. It was said nobody would con test Sherman's claims for indorsement, an test Sherman's claims for indorsement, and while he did not know what the fact might be

An Offer Will Probably Be Made to Help Guard the Coke Works.

SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCE. SCOTTPALE, March 80 .- John B. Rea. of the TRIED TO BRIBE THE JURY. United Mine Workers, said to-night that they were discussing the feasibility of making A Nice Scheme That Was Fixed Up in offer to the coke companies, to deputize 1,000 Chicago Trial. citizens and workmen to guard their property. He said that he regarded this as a fair and just offer. The Goal Creek plant, of the McCiure Company, which is running full, will be amply guarded. CHICAGO, March 30 .- A bold attempt at jury bribing in a \$10,000 damage case against the Yerkes Cable Street Railway was expessed in Judge McConnell's Court to-day. The accused jury fixers; are J. J. Hopper and M. C. Shannon, two real estate brokers. Hopper

Company, which is running run, who be amply guarded.

To-night 50 deputies, armed with Winchesters, are reported as being on their way to the place. It is reported to Master Workman Peter Wise to-night that some of the Leith men assaulted two bosses there to-day and compelled them to deliver up their revolvers. To-night a row occurred at Everson in which one striker was badly hurt. His assailants were not non-unionists, however, and the fight was the outcome of a grudge.

SITUATION AT MT. PLEASANT.

Fears That the Strikers Will Make Another Raid in the Morning.

SPECIAL TELEGRAN TO THE DISPATOR. MT. PLEASANT, March 30.-There has been no radical change in the coke situation here to-day. The fences and other property destroyed in the Morewood riot this morning have been replaced, and the place is again guarded by the 20 deputy sheriffs who had the good sense to retreat to places of safety while the Hungarians held the fort. Much will depend on what the night brings forth whether or not an attempt will be made in the morning to draw the ovens with the few men that are

draw the overs with the few men that are around.

The strikers are holding secret meetings, and it is feared they will make another raid at the first signs of a resumption. That they can do so at their pleasure no one doubts, for, owing to their great numbers, they run no risk, miless it be by arrest after the devilment has been done. The Sheriff is powerless to stop a moland so far the State has shown no desire to come to his aid with the military, which is the

only thing the strikers seem to have the least respect for.

ATTACKED BY WOMEN The Wives of Hungarian Laborers Make a Five Hundred Native Troops, Led by

Savage Attack Upon Workers. SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATOR. Uniontown, March 80.-The first lawle sess of the strike in this end of the region occurred this morning when a band of Hun-garian women attacked the drawers at the ovens and drove them away with clubs and stones. The women, inflamed by liquor and encouraged by the men, who stood discreetly behind, rushed on the men with yells and gave them a shower of stones and pieces of

coke.

Superintendent Whyel and Bookkeeper Taylor, who were at breakfast, hearing the noise ran out, and Whyel drew a revolver to frighted back the women. But on they came. Yarn Boss O'Connell was struck in the face with a piece of coke. Pit Boss Hooper received a blow on the head with an iron bar. A coke drawer named Stuch had his head out by a piece of flying coke. The men seeing that resistance was useless dropped their tools and fled.

RAVAGES OF THE GRIP. SEVERAL DEATHS IN NEW YORK FROM THE DREAD MALADY.

Municipal Departments and Busines Houses Suffering From the Effects-The Disease Spreading in Chicago-An Appalling Death Rate.

MPRCIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCE.1 NEW YORK, March 30 .- The grip, acording to the records in the Bureau of Vital Statistics, had more or less to do with the death of six persons in the 24 hours ending at noon to-day, being complicated in each instance with pneumonia, pleurisy or other disease of the air passages, which, without it, might not have resulted fatally. The total number of deaths for the 24 hours was 122. All the grip victims were past middle age, ranging from 56 to 76 years. The total mortality of the present visitation of the epidemic now foots up 30.

The police sick roll keeps swelling. Yesterday 199 policemen reported sick, nearly half as many as when the grip plague of 1890 was at its height. Not alone the municipal departments, but private corpora-ations and large business houses have suffered from the effects of the malady, and all their forces that escaped an attack have been se-verely taxed by over work. The surface and elevated roads have been badly crippled by the

clevated roads have been baddy crippied by the grip.

Conservative physicians, who are loath to express hasty opinions, and who all along denied that the grip was epidemic, now acknowledge that the disease is widespread and general. The greatest danger of the grip is its tendency to develop into pneumonia. It is well known that many deaths charged to pulmonary causes resulted from the grip. No authentic figures on which comparisons can be based are at hand, but the number of such cases is known to be large.

band, but the number of such cases is known to be large.

Joseph Jones, dressed in a new spring outfit and carrying a new sikk hat in his hand, was a conspicuous figure among the prisoners at the Essea Market court to-day. Policeman Smith said he had found Jones lying in Third avenue, near Grand street, with his arms around one of the pillars of the elevated road. "Your Honor, it is all a mistake," said the prisoner. "I have been suffering terribly with the grip for a week, and a doctor told me that by pressing my head against an iron substance the ing my head against an iron substance

APPAILING DEATH RATE

One Person Is Dying Every Five Minutes in the City of Chicago,

PEPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCE ! CHICAGO, March 80.-This was another CHICAGO, March 30.—This was another gloomy day in Chicago. It was hoped last week that the death rate had reached its maximum, but when Registrar of Vital Statistics Tominson closed his books at 6 o'clock this evening he had chreeffled the death of nearly 300 people for the past 24 hours. Never before in the history of the office has it submitted such a statement for one day. mitted such a statement for one day. It showed that Chicagoans were dying at the appailing rate of one every five minutes. Streets leading to the graveyards were choked all day with funerals. At one place on Warren avenue three processions became tangled up, and it required several minutes to separate them. It is estimated that there are 600 bedies awaiting burial in Chicago to night. Rain continues to fail, and the weather is warm and heavy.

There are reports which show that the grip is spreading in all parts of the city. One half of the people who are dying have been stricken by the scourge. The hospitals are no longer able to take care of the sick, as every inch of available space has been taken by the swarm of sneezing persons which poured into the doors last week. It is feared that the deaths this week will reach the unprecedented figure of 1,200.

Quarantine Against America.

LONDON, March 30 .- The suggestion is made by the press here that a quarantine should be established against the United States in cases of persons arriving from that country having

ing of Russian Troops. THY DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY 1 amount to a Russian demonstration of hostility to the German empire.

The Berlin Bourse is sensibly affected by the prevalence of this feeling, but while the full significance of these disturbing events is thoroughly appreciated, the information in possession of the Foreign Office does not warrant belief in the near danger of any abnormal development of Russian policy.

Eight Hours and Many Other Concessi

Are Demanded, PARIS, March 30,-The Workmen's Congres has adopted a programme embracing the fol-lowing propositions: That eight hours constitute a day's work; that the minimum of wages be fixed; that children under 14 be prohibited to work; that everybody declared by the Workmen's Syndicate to be unable to work receive public support; that masters be held responsible for accidents to workmen; that municipal butteries, bake houses and bazars be formed; that communes be allowed to borrow money without consulting the Central Government and finally that every trade organize in readiness for a general strike to vanquish opposing employers. The Socialist Allemane dominated the Congress.

AN EXCITED TOWN. Another Attack on the House of Mrs. Jack

son at Clitheroe. IBY DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY. MANCHESTER, March 30 .- The town of Clith ero, Lancashire, is again the scene of disorde owing to the excited state of popular feeling regarding the affairs of the Jackson family. Not withstanding the attack on the houses of Mrs. Jackson and her sister, Mrs. Baldwin, on Saturday evening, the people remained excited throughout yesterday, and last night again besieged the residence lately occupied by Mrs. Jackson, breaking the windows and doing other dawners.

THE VATICAN'S DECREE.

State Their Wants.

St. Louis, March 30,-The journeymen car penters and joiners of this city are preparing o make a demand on the bosses for 40 cents an

admitted his guilt, but Shannou denied al

knowledge of the crime, though admitting acquaintance with Hopper, and having talked

acquantance with Hopper, and having talked with the latter since the trial began. It appeared from Hopper's confession that after Shannon was selected as a juror. Hopper went to a claim agent of the Street Railway Company and offered to secure a verdict in favor of the company or a disagreement for \$800. The claim agent pretended to accept, and had Hopper shadowed from the moment he left the company's office. The arrests were made just when the jury was retiring to consider a verdict. A peculiar signal was said by

sider a verdict. A peculiar signal was said by Hopper to have been agreed upon to show that the oribe money had been paid by the de-fendant corporation for a corrupt verdict. If

fendant corporation for a corrupt verdict. It the money was in hand Hopper was to come into the court room and taking a drink at the water cooler slowly wipe off bis chin.

THE CARPENTERS' DEMAND.

St. Louis Knights of the Saw Preparing t

Two years ago they held out for 30 days and won the strike for 35 cents an hour and eight hours as a day's work with only a handful of union men. Now they claim to have 14 local unions with a membership of 2,400, and say they will strike if their demands are not granted.

PITTSBURG. TUESDAY. MARCH 31, 1891,

SURGEONS KEPT BUSY

IN THE IRISH FIGHTS.

Two Members of Parliament Slug Each

BY CABLE TO THE DISPATCH.

SLIGO, March 30 .- The encounter yester

day at Easkey, County Roscommon, be-

tween the Parnellites and the McCarthvites

was more serious than at first reported.

Among the injured was John Pinkerton, M.

P. for Galway, who received a severe blow

from a stone that cut through his hat and

severely lacerated his head. A mob that

followed the McCarthyltes on their tour

through the Tieraragh district attempted to

break up the first meeting by throwing

stones, on which the police drew their clubs

and drove the offenders off the ground,

knocking many down. The attack was shortly

Tipperary riot case is a serious defeat for coercion and for Baifour. The jury was composed of Il Protestants and I Cataolic.

HOME OF OUTLAWS

Refugees.

London Is Now the Hotbed of All Classes of

the Nihilists in London.
England is now the home of the refugees and cutlaws of all the countries of Europe. Among those who have lately arrived are General Boulanger, who came last week, and also Don Alves de Veiga, the leader of the recent re-

A DOUBLE TRAGEDY.

to Her Home.

THY DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY.1

LONDON, March 30 .- A terrible tragedy is

reported from Great Marlow, on the Thames, five miles from Maidenbead. On Saturday the

daughter of a man named Cooper, who lives in

cottage on the moors at the end of the town

on going to her home to make a visit, found her father and mother lying in bed, the latter dead and her throat cut. Cooper was severely wounded in the throat and also in the abdomen, but was still alive.

The police believe that Cooper murdered his wife and attempted to take his own life. He is still living.

TURKEY'S POSITION.

The Eastern Roumanian Question Will Re-

main the Same.

'BY DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY.1

CONSTANTINOPLE, March 30.-The manda

Roumania, and which was transferred to

attach special significance to the expiring this mandate, though there is not the shad of a doubt that the Sublime Porte will contin

A LACK OF ARMS

Prevents the Chilean Rebels From Strik-

ing a Decisive Blow. IBY DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY.1

Paris, March 30,-Telegrams from Chile say

that the insurgents are unable to strike a de-cisive blow and bring the revolution to a close

COMMERCE WITH SPAIN.

Deal With General Foster.

MADRID, March 30.—The Minister of the Co

A SUBMARINE GUN.

That Country Appoints a Commiss

its tacit recognition of the status quo

Hall Refused to Both Parties.

Other by the Roadside-Police Charge

Bayonets on the Fighters-Sligo Town

Heliness is strongly opposed to ecclesisatical functions which are liable to be diverted from the original design and given a political rather than a religious character. In the present case he is of opinion that, as the dead Prince chose to conceal his faith during his life, his friends cannot complain if the church refuses to pay him any especial mortuary honors.

But while no ane cerrice will be set apart for the purpose, it has been directed that all masses said to-morrow morning at the church in question shall be said for the repess of the Prince's soul, and in this way the Bonapartists and other friends, of whatever shade of political opinion, will be able to choose their own hour for honoring his memory. A BLOODY MASSACRE.

British Officers, Slain. DESPERATE TWO DAYS' BATTLE.

The Wild Tribes of India Once More in a State of Open Revolt.

FIVE REGIMENTS SENT TO THE FRONT

CALCUTTA, March 30,- 1 ispatch from Manipur, Province of Assam, brings news of a disaster to a force of native troops there. It seems that Mr. James W. Quinton, the Chief Commissioner of Assam, has recently been investigating some serious troubles which have occurred among the native chiefs. As a result of his investigation the Chief Commissioner was holding a durbar or conference with the notabilities of Assam with the view of arresting one of the prominent chiefs who had been instrumental in deposing the Rajah.

The Chief Commissioner, while pursuing his inquiries into the disputes between the chiefs, occupied a camp which was garrisoned by a strong force of Goorkhas, native infantry in the British service. Suddenly this camp was attacked by a number of hostile tribes led by their chiefs.

A Desperate Two Days' Battle, A two days' battle, during which some desperate fighting took place, followed the onslaught of the tribesmen. The Goorkhas fought most determinedly against heavy odds, and, according to the report, 470 of the Goorkhas were killed. Seven of the British officers who accompanied the Chief

and drove the offenders off the ground, knocking many down. The attack was shortly renewed, more stones being thrown, the speakers being compelled to lie down in their jaunting cars and to hide behind their horses.

Notwithstanding the great uproar and confusion, the party finally moved on, and were about to proceed on their journey and hold another meeting. It was at the third gathering near Easkey that the fighting was most severe. This police, however, were here, fully armed, and charged bayonets on the mob. In spite of this the McCarthyites were completely routed and compelled to about their proposed meeting, the Parnellites following them for some distance on their return to Sligo, keeping up a volley of stones.

Michael Davitt and Mr. Roche, M. P., returned from Sligo to Easkey by a circuitous route on Sunday night. Mr. Condon immediately called a meeting and dared Mr. Davitt to show himself. An altercation in the road led to a scuffle between Messrs, Roche and Conway, members of Parliament, and the police were obliged to separate the combatants. Quiet has prevailed in North Sligo today. The hicCarthyites continued their canvass and Parnell addressed meetings in Tieraragh. The surgeons of Sligo have been kept busy today dressing wounds received in yesterday's fights. The Mayor has refused to grant the use of the Town Hall to either party.

If some one is not killed in the election campaign it will be a wonder. The way in which Dr. Tanner received the serious injuries from which he is now suffering is as follows: He was walking about the streets with James Christopher Flyun, M. P. for North Cork, displaying a large blackthorn stick in a very ostentations manner. His movements attracted the attention of the Parnellite party, which thereupon began to groun and hoot. Dr. Tanner, in reply to an observation made by some one in the crowd, said: "I never sold my country." He was immediately selzed and knecked down. The stack was taken from him, and as he fell his head struck the curbstone, which caused two wounds Commissioner, and that official himself, are reported to be missing.

The news of the massacre was brought to Kohima, on the Assam frontier, by two Goorkhas who arrived there yesterday. The massacre originated in a feud between the Rajah of Manipur and leading tribal chief. He was deposed, and he appealed to the Viceroy. Mr. Quinton was sent to settle the trouble, and started from headquarters at Shillong, escorted by the Forty-second and Forty-fourth Goorkhas Light Infantry. After crossing the frontier, Mr. Quinton summoned the chiefs to a durbar at Manipur for the purpose of arresting the

rebellious chief. The tribesmen, pretending to obey the sum mons, mustered in force, and at midnight on the day before the day on which the durbar was to be held, suddenly attacked the camp of Commissioner Quinton, which laid between Kobima and Manipur. The attempt to surprise the camp failed and the tribesmen were driven back. They returned, however, and kept up the attack and siege night and day for 48 hours. Rout of the British Forces.

Finally the ammunition of the Goorkhat gave out, and Commissioner Quinton was obliged to give out the order "Sauve Qui Peut." During the fight at the camp scouts were sent out to try to communicate with Shillong, but they never returned. The Manipur Navares out the telegraph wires and killed the messengers. Fugitives report that a general massacre followed the taking of the camp. There is reason for believing that the estimate that 470 were killed is incorrect. One account of the affair reports that Commissioner Quinton and his staff were made prisoners. Another account says that Colonel Skene, the commander; Commissioner Quinton, with his son and daughter; Captain Boileau and six officers were killed, the natives refusing to give them quarter. The rebellious tribe is famous for canning crueity and heavery.

Immediately upon receiving the news of the disaster, the Viceroy, Alsimbia, summoned a connell. Two native regiments stationed in Assam have already been dispatched to Manipur. The Third Bengal Infantry will start for the scene to-morrow.

the scene to-morrow.

The Viceroy of India has ahandoned his tour and has started for Simla. Five regiments and a mounted battery have been ordered to

THE AMERICAN PLAN Adopted by an English Company for Mak ing Certain Wagons.

IBY DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY. BARROW-IN-FURNESS, March 30 .- The Vulcan Steel Forge Company's works have been purchased by the Tubular Frame Wagon Company, with the design of building "bogie" wagons on the American principle. Among the directors of the company are Colonel Church and Colonel North, the works being under the management of M. R. Jefferds.

The company propose to manufacture the tubes, castings, etc., required for the construction of this class of railway wagon, and estimate that they will be able to turn out 20 wagons a day.

mate that they will be able to turn out 20 wag-ons a day.

More orders have been received than can be filled in two years, as a saving by their use of 60 per cent is secured over those made after the English patterns. The new industry promises

GERMANY ALARMED.

Uneasy Feeling Prevails Over the Mas

BERLIN, March 80.—An uneasy feeling pro valls throughout Germany, that the massing of troops on the Austrian frontier, the be stowal of the order of St. Andrew on Presiden Carnot and the resumption of Russian in-trigues in the Balkan peninsula are symptoms which, taken in connection with each other, amount to a Russian demonstration of hostil-

WORKMEN'S CONGRESS.

cessful Experiment Made With It in Lake of Como. IRY DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY. LONDON, March 30 .- A very successful ex eriment was made to-day in the Lake of Como damage.

It required all the extra force that had been drafted into the town to keep order, to prevent the building from being sacked. with the submarine gun invented by Signor Iselli. The cannon was sunk to a depth of 350 feet in the lake, but, in spite of the pressure of the water, the projectile was fired with sufficient force to sink a boat.

The authorities have decided to make further trials with a still larger gun.

No Special Religious Service for the Reposi THE BATTLE OF FLOWERS. of Jerome's Soul.

THY DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY, 1
PARIS, March 30.—The Archbishop of Paris has decided not to allow any special religious services to be held at the Church of St. Auguson the River. GREECE, March 30.—The battle of flow tine for the ropose of the soul of the late Prince Napoleon. It is understood that in this matter the Archbishop is acting on a hint received from the Vatican, it being known that His this town was witnessed by Queen Victoria and by thousands of visitors from all parts of the Riviera. After the battle a torchlight pro-cession was ordered in honor of the Queen.

LOST HER IN MEXICO.

MEET AGAIN IN NEW YORK CITY.

DRESSING THE MANY HEADS BROKEN

NEW YORK, March 30 .- Mr. Rider Haggard, that blonde and athletic gentlema who rediscovered "Cleopatra," unfolded "King Solomon's Mines" and found "She," has just had quite a thrilling adventure of hisown. Mr. Haggard and his wife went to Mexico last fall in search of adventures, and have just crowned a successful expedition by the interesting feat of losing each other way down on the Mexican seacoast, only to find each other unexpectedly in their hotel in New York.

While there is a question whether this most romantic incident of Mr. Rider Haggard's journeying through America will form a thrilling episode in the new novel he proposes to write on the romance of Aztec civilization in this country, it was certainly of grave consequence to the romancer himself, and this is the way it all came about:

How They Came to Be Separated. After protracted wanderings through the wilds of Mexico, along rivers and mountains so remote from the highways of travel that progress was possible only in cances or on mules, Mr. and Mrs. Haggard reached the city of Vera Cruz. Their plans had been so arranged that they were to sail North along the Atlantic coast to New York, and while waiting for their steamer Mr. Haggard took a little coasting vessel and made sundry voyages up and down the Mexican seahoard in search of curiosities and traditions. There is a charm in those waters and among those almost baroarous coasts which 100 and even 200 years ago throbbed with the wild pulse of incoming civilization, and glowed with the significance of the conquests of the buccaneers that could not fail to be greatly attractive to a man so keenly on the alert as is the author of "She." that progress was possible only in canoes or

So it is not to be wondered at that his jour So it is not to be wondered at that his journeyings absorbed him so that he forgot the flight of time and the sailing day of his steamer. It is bardly fair to say that Mrs. Haggard thought her husband had been captured by bandus and was being held for ransom; anybody who has been to the mountains of the moon in person as well as in spirit could be readily excused for almost any "mysterious disappearance." She felt certain that he would turn up all right some time or other, with another story, perhaps, so when the steamer City of Washington was ready to weigh anchor at Vera Cruz on her voyage to New York, Mrs. Haggard got aboard of her and caimly proceeded on her way.

One of the Novelist's Secrets. One of the Novellat's Secrets

Just what Mr. Haggard found that kept hin so long he hasn't yet consented to tell. Perhaps some beautiful princess of Aztec descent, some patriarchal old priest, king or some charming senorita whose hacenda had escaped the pli-

natural.

That his Anglo-Saxon common sense should have come to the rescue and assured him that Mrs. Haggard was "not lost but gone before" was also ustural. It would be a long time until another steamer and a good many days before Mrs. Haggard, were she on the City of Washington, could reach a point at which he could communicate with her by telegram. So with hope still tempered by a wholesome spice of fear, he took to the railroad and came as fast as steam could bring him to New York City where he arrived Sunday night.

Not knowing exactly what day the City of where he arrived Sunday night.

Not knowing exactly what day the City of Washington|would land here, the great African story teller telegraphed from Decatur, Ala, to the office of Mr. Edwin H. Tow, of this city, shelter. The St. Petersburg papers are much excited, and call attention to the fact that the Nibilists are seemingly working the English press, as several articles which alleged cruelty by Russian officials have lately appeared; and these, they say, have evidently been inspired by the Nibilists in London.

Terrible Discovery of a Daughter on Going Did Not Find Any Ruined Cities.

esterday, "as the famous ruined cities vucatan and Central America, nor did 1 discover any ruined cities at all. But having in mind the vague idea of writing a book on the romance of the Astecs, probably a romantic ovel dealing with life in their times and in this country, I saw as much of Southern this country, I saw as much of Southern Mexico and that part of the continent as I could. I went as far as the Province of Chiapas, and traveled considerably over 1/0 miles, about 160 in fact, on mule back up and down almost inaccessible mountain roads and in cances along the slumbrous surfaces of those beautiful tropical rivers. I didn't see any ruined monuments or statues, but I did make a thorough sindy, so far as possible of the a thorough study, so far as possible, of the traditions and folk lore of that country dating back to the Azteic days, and put myself nuto as thorough rapport as might be with the spirit of the Aztec civilization."

thorough rapport as might be with the spirit of the Attec civilization."

The healthy brown of Mr. Haggard's cheeks, his undimmed eye and heavy tramping shows eloquent indications of the success of his journeyings. "As to the effect of English authors." he continued, "of the new copyright law which has been enacted in my absence from the country to take effect the first of July, I can only speak in a general way, as I haven't had time to familiarize myself with its provisions. I think your country and all countries and authors are now to be congratuated, inasmuch as the United States now has a regular copyright law. It will, of course, be of great advantage to the producers, as well as the mechanical perfectors and makers of literature, while about 50 English authors will have their books put into type and printed here simultaneously with the process on the other side. It is not impossible that American authors will, by the difference in spelling between English and American standards, be compelled to have their books printed in London, as well as in this country. which the Constantinople conference gave to Prince Alexander as Vice Regent of Eastern Prince Ferdinand, will expire on April 6. An

in their favor, owing to a want of arms and ammunition. On this account a recent attack on Valparaiso was unsuccessful. President Balmaceda is aware of this weak-Two Women Make Themselves Famous by Dispatching the Brute.

ness on the part of his opponents, and predicts that the uprising will soon be put down and the country become quiet. NEW YORK, March 30 .- Mr. John J. Fell, of Eagle Rock avenue, West Orange, and her friend, Miss Mattle Chrisman, who lives in Mrs. Fell's native place in Virginia, and is paying her a visit, made themselves famous to day by killing a dog supposed to be mad, which had attacked Mr. Fell's fine setter and killed MADRID, March 30.—The Minister of the Col-onies has designated the Director of the Financial Department to represent Spain in the negotiations with General J. W. Foster for a commercial treaty with the United States. Premier Canovas Del Castillo will give a ban-quet in honor of General Foster to-morrow, Among the guests will be General E. Burd Grubla, the American Minister, and members of his family, and Mr. J. G. Blaine, Jr. two of her pups. Mrs. Pell and Miss Chrisman heard a great commotion in the rear of the house at 7 o'clock, and running out they found

house at 7 o'clock, and running out they found the strange dog battling with the mother of the pups, two of which were lying dead ou the ground near the kennel. Miss Chrisman seized a hayfork and boldly attacked the intruder, driving him into a wagon shed bleeding from several wounds.

Meanwhile Mrs. Fell van into the house and returned with her husband's rifle. Miss Chrisman stepped aside, and Mrs. Fell took quick aim at the dog and sent a bullet through its head. One was enough, her aim was so accurate, and the dog stretched itself out and died. The ball struck it fairly between the eyes. Mrs. Fell learned to use a rifle in her girlhood days in Virguna, and became quite a famous shot. Mr. Fell believes that the strange dog was mad, and he will tie up his dog to watch for symptoms of rables.

He Was a Wall Street Broker, Who Went Through \$750,000.

Rider Haggard and Wife Become Separated and Unexpectedly

The Famous Novelist Unable to Discover Any Buried Cities.

EFFECTS OF THE NEW COPTRIGHT LAW

SPECIAL TELEGRAN TO THE DISPATCH.

senorita whose baceauga had escaped the pullage of the coast barbarians came down to the water's edge and woold him to their sylvan retreats, to whose course being in quest of adventure, he would undoubtedly have gone. At all events when he returned to Vera Cruz there was no sign of Mrs Haggard or the steamer. That he should be alarmed was only

the office of Mr. Edwin H. Tow, of this city, who had his tour in charge, that Mrs. Haggard was probably on the City of Washington, and that he would arrive by rail on Sunday evening. When he did arrive in the Grand Central depot, still in ignorance of the wheresbouts of Mrs. Haggard, he was driven post haste to the Victoria Hotel, and there in the corridor by the parlor door, each utterly unsuspicious of the other's presence in the city or the house, the Haggards, who were lost in Mexico, were reunited in New York, and the romancer's little romance was ended. They will sail for home, by the way, on the Germanic to-morrow.

"I didn't get as far South," said Mr. Haggard

KILLED A MAD DOG

SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCE

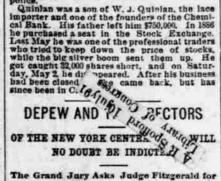
A SHICIDE IDENTIFIED

ISPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATOR.1 NEW YORK, March 30.—The man who regis-tered at the Kenmore Hotel in Albany on Saturday as S. G. Spencer, of Troy, and who was found dead in his room a few hours later with an empty-vial that had contained mor-phice, was Washington Quinlan, a Wall street broker, who tailed last May, and a brother of William J. Quinlan, Jr., cashier of the Chemi-

From All Leading Cities.

STRICTLY IN IT THESE DAYS.

cal Bank. The body was identified by the brother, who went from his home in Brooklyn in response to a telegram from the Albany Quinlan was a son of W. J. Quinlan, the lace



Instructions as to the Tunnel Disaster-The Directors Bound to See to the Safety NEW YORK, March 30 .- Channey M. Depew was subpossed to appear to-day before the grand jury as a witness in its investigation into the causes responsible for the collison attended by death in the New York Central Tunnel. After Mr. Depew had given his testimony, the grand jury prepared a number of questions upon which they wanted in-formation, and submitted them to Judge Fitz-gerald. The Judge after looking up the stat-

"The statute provides that the grand for may ask the advice of the Court, as they are may ask the advice of the Courf, as they are doing now very properly, and may also ask the advice of the District Attorney. And no member of the grand jury has a right to put any construction of his own on the law, or to take the advice of anyone but the Court or the District Attorney. Now, what does the statute say in regard to this? It provides that a person concerned in the commission of a crime, whether he performs it himself, or aids or abets in its commission, is a person for the grand whether he performs it himself, or aids or abets in its commission, is a person for the grand jury to act upon. In relation to the matter of directors, which you are inquiring about at present, have those persons the control and management of the road? If so, it is their duty to see that the requirements of the law for the safety of the traveling public are respected. There should be no hesitation of the grand jury to act upon the law as applied to them.

them.

"Any person concerned in the commission of an act is a member of the liable party. The law says that some person shall be responsible. Those people control the management of this road. They have a clear duty imposed upon them by the statute. If they have violated the statute an indictment should be found, and let me say that while it is proper that cases where persons of eminent standing in the community have serious charges made against them, it is well carefully to inquire into all the particulars, yet the law requires that the same law should be enforced against them as against anyone else. If the facts warrant an indictment, an indictment should be found."

Judge Fitzerald's words created some little stir in court. After he had once more taken Jugge Frizzerald's words created some little stir in court. After he had once more taken his seat, a juror arose for further instruction. In answer to the questions of the jury, the Court said that the directors could be charged with misdemeanor, as well as the corporation. There is not a doubt in the mind of any person who was in the court room when the jury filed out but that a true bill will be found against the directors of the road.

against the directors of the road.

PRIMARIES WERE A FARCE.

Troubles Among Baltimore Republic Not Settled at the Polls SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATORS BALTIMORE, March 30.—Ballot-box stuffers had the call at the Republican primaries to day, and the natural sequence is that at nearly all the polls there were from three to four times as many tickets as voters. Whoever got possession of the polls first filled the box That the opposition got mad because there was no more room, and threw the whole busin out of the window. This occurred in several wards. Brawls and fights were the order of the day. The patrol wagons were kept busy from noon until late this evening. Blacks as well as whites usedtheir fists, and the State to-morrow will be several dollars richer because of flues.

The whole election was a farce, and the

trouble in the party in this city is no nearer a settlement than yesterday. The result, as announced, gives the anti-administration faction the victory, but the Harrison wing will make a fight in the State Convention as the latter is made up largely of anti-Harrisonites, and the indications are that the President will not have Maryland's support in the National Convention.

A PEEPING TOM

Drummed and Whistled Out of Town by worth, known as "Peeping Tom," was caught peeping into the window of a young woman's room. The young woman's father caught him at it and thrashed him. This morning the citizens told him he must leave the town within half an bour and not return. They mur-mured something about tar and featiers. When the half hour was up. 50 citizens and boys, with drums, tin pans, whistlee and other instruments, assembled at Annaworth's house and called him out. He lost no time in leading the body of citizens out of town, via the railroad track, the whistles and drums keeping time to his fleeting foot-

AN INCREASED PRICE.

The People of Columbus Prefer to Pay Well for Gas Than Do Without. ISPACIAL TELEGRAN TO THE DISPATCH.

COLUMBUS, March 30.-The City Council

to-night passed an ordinance granting the Cen-tral Ohio Natural Gas and Fuel Company pernission to charge 25 cents per 1,000 feet for gas. The advance is from 10 cents to 25. Gas was shut off January 18, on account of the limwas sint on January 16, on account of the limited supply.

It is understood the company will enter upon the work of sinking more wells. The 25-cent franchise is to last for ten years. Eighty-five per cent of the 1,200 people who were using gas before it was shut off perittioned for the privilege of paying the advanced rate.

BASEBALL AN ISSUE

The Question of Sunday Games the Chief One in Columbus Politics. INPECIAL TELEGRAN TO THE DISPATCH.

COLUMBUS, March 30. - The Republican city convention to-day nominated Edward Pagels for Mayor. He is the ticket agent at the Union railway station. The ticket is fairly strong, but will be defeated because of the resolutions adopted in the interest of reform looking to Sunday and miduight closing of saloons and closing of theaters on Sunday.

The Demograts will name a ticket to-morrow on a liberal open platform, with Sunday baseball as an issue, which will be forced upon the Republicans.

ALWAYS ON GUARD. Filzsimmons Had Plans for Escape

THREE CENTS.

PAPERS FOUND IN FARM HOUSES.

The Inquest is Again Postponed Until

Murp by Can Be Present.

ANOTHER CHARGE AGAINST THE CLARKS The inquest in the famous Gilkinson murder case was again postponed vesterday for another week. It was adjourned because of the absence of Detective Murphy. His wounds still confine him to his bed, but it is thought that by next Monday afternoon he will be able to sppear in person against Frederick Carrolton Fitzsimmons, the murderer. It was at first the intention to take part of the evidence vesterday afternoon, but when it was learned that Mr. Murphy would be able to attend the following Monday it was deemed best to postpone it. Thomas M. Marshall, Sr., attorney for Fitzsimmons, was present, and readily acquiesced to the postponement, from the fact that he does not, for some mysterious

More Time Needed for Investigation, It was also claimed that the Commonwealth wanted more time to work up the case, but this was denied. In the face of this, however,

reason, want his client to be seen, and the

Coroner stated that if the inquest was com-

menced the prisoner would have to be



An Excellent Likeness of Fitzsimmons, County Detective Beltzhoover appeared over in Allegheny last night and consulted with

in Allegheny last night and consulted with several of the detectives there on matters connected with the Gilkinson murder.

The non-appearance of the desperado and his wife caused great disappointment. For an hour before the time fixed for the inquest, the Coroner's office was the mecca of the crowds entering the Court House. All the space back of the oak railing was crowded with people, while inside every chair was occupied by witnesses and others connected with the case. In the Coroner's private office was John F.Cox, Allegheny, for the Clarker. Charles Montooth representing Laura Snowden and about 15 minutes after the time set. Thomas Marshall, Sr., appeared in behalf of Fitzsiamons, Among those who received the greatest attention were Officers McAllister and Calvin, of Homestead, who arrested Fitzsiamons on the Sunday night after the tragedy in the lonely farm house in the hollow at Buil's Run who arrested Fitzsimmons on the Sunday night after the tragedy in the lonely farm house in the hollow at Buil's Run

e latter was the central figure. Pen Picture of Officer Calvin. Officer Calvin is a short man of slight build. He is not over 5 feet 6 inches in height. His features are small, and he is the owner of a



Lucy Fitzsimmons, the Southern Wife, same hue, but of a lighter shade. He has a florid complexion and a liberal supply of freckles. His eyes are sharp, piercing and restless, and, in fact, he is a perfect pieture of Detective O'Dwyer, of the United States Secret Service, save that the deep border of tatooing on the wrists of the Government detective are wanting on those of the Homestead policeman, who has won glory for himself by the plucky part which be took in arresting the desperado.

Although the crowd could not get a glimme of the murderer and his family. The DIS-PATCH is to-day able to present the first and only true likenesses of Fitz immous, his Southern wife and their child. The curs published to-are from sketches taken by a DISPATCH artist. His eyes are sharp, piercing and restless, and,

are from sketches taken by a DISPATCH artist

are from sketches taken by a Dispartch artis, and are perfect pictures of the nurderer and the members of his family. Fuzzimmons was a clever robber, always anticipating trouble from the police, and hence was most careful about having photographs of himself. None of his friends possessed a likeness of him, Even in the various resorts of the city, where he enjoyed an acquaintance under his different aliases not one person possesses even a tintype. Had All Down to a System. Although it has been claimed that Pitzsimmous was just an ordinary crook, because he had not disposed of his booty, noted professional roubers have been caught with their "swag" before, simply because the "fences" refused to pay a fair price for it. An idea of his extensive



Ducy Frederick Filtzsimmons, the Daughter, operations has been gained by the detectives from a recent search of the Buil's run farm house. He possessed books containing information about every town of any size in this country and in Maxico, and in many places had pages of written matter pasted in, together with liberal footnotes giving still greater information concerning numerous places. He also has about 118 maps, on which are marked routes of escape from different cities. The lines all run to Mexico or Canada. Each map contains detailed information regarding stopping places. By these it is expected that many of the murderer's old robberies will be discovered, and it is believed the picture published to-day will be recognized in other cities where the man is wanted for crimes.

Detective Paddy Alurphy was visited at his home last night in Coulersville. He still looks pale from his confinement and suffering, but

[Continued on Sixth page.]

UNIONTOWN, March 30 .- The H. C. Frick Coke Company have made a bold and determined move to checkmate the strikers and operate their works. To-night they patitioned Judge Ewing for an injunction o restrain all men not in their employ at their

LUCIEN CLAWSON, Sheriff of Westmoreland County, Not Following the Example of Beaver.

AN INJUNCTION ISSUED